# **BEAULY DISTRICT FISHERY BOARD**

### **SALMON & SEA TROUT CONSERVATION POLICY**

### 2020

The Beauly District Fishery Board has a statutory duty to to act for the protection and improvement of the fisheries and for the increase of salmon and sea trout within its District. With declining rates of marine survival, the conservation of stocks should be of prime importance to all anglers. This Conservation Policy represents a minimum requirement all anglers should adhere to.

#### **SALMON**

Given current concerns regarding salmon stocks, the Board supports and encourages responsible catch and release practice throughout the season, with the aim of achieving 100%. Specific policy guidance is given below.

### 11TH FEBRUARY TO 31ST MARCH - STATUTORY REQUIREMENT

Under The Conservation of Salmon (Annual Close Time and Catch and Release) (Scotland) Regulations **2014**, it is an offence to retain any salmon caught before 1 April. By law, all fish <u>must</u> be released. Every effort should be made to ensure no harm is caused to fish prior to release.

### 1<sup>ST</sup> APRIL - 30<sup>th</sup> JUNE

• 100% catch & release

To protect vulnerable spring salmon stocks, it is the Board's recommended policy that all salmon be released

#### 1<sup>ST</sup> JULY - 15<sup>TH</sup> OCTOBER

- Release all hen fish of any size and all cock fish over 7lbs (66cm/26 inches)
- Retain only one cock fish under 7lbs per angler per week with a maximum of three per season
- All coloured and unseasonable fish should be released. Please see illustrative guide overleaf.

### **SEA TROUT**

- Release all finnock of 1 pound (35cm/14 inches) or less
- Release all sea trout of 3 pounds (50cm/20 inches) or above
- Retain only two fish per angler per week with a maximum of six per season
- All coloured and unseasonable fish should be released (smolts, kelts, over-wintered finnock)

### **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- Fishing should be by Fly only.
- To facilitate the release of fish barbless or crimped hooks should be used. Treble hooks should not be used.
- Under the provisions of The Conservation of Salmon (Prohibition of Sale) (Scotland) Regulations 2002 the sale of rod caught salmon or sea trout is illegal.
- When releasing fish, try to keep them in water at all times and under no circumstances should fish be lifted clear of the water by their tails.
- Guidance on catch & release best practice can be found on the Board's website <a href="http://beauly.dsfb.org.uk/">http://beauly.dsfb.org.uk/</a>
- The use of 'knotless' mesh landing nets is a legal requirement and will help prevent the fish from being damaged.

## How can salmon be recognised at the different stages of their life?

#### Fresh-Run Salmon

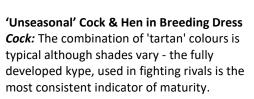
Recognised by the pristine condition and bright silver flanks. Fish straight from salt water have loose, easily detached scales and many carry sea lice which drop off within a few days. Hen salmon (illustrated) have a tiny kype on the lower jaw, but unlike cocks they retain normal head proportions while in the river.



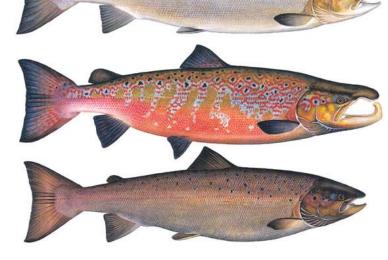
#### Maturing 'coloured' Cock & Hen

**Cock:** The combination of "tartan" colours is typical although shades vary - the fully developed kype, used in fighting rivals, and the enlarged adipose fin, are the most consistent indicators of maturity.

**Hen:** These are usually less coloured than cocks of similar age and they never have enlarged jaws. This one will have spent a few weeks in river or estuary - note the coloured head and lack of true silver flanks.

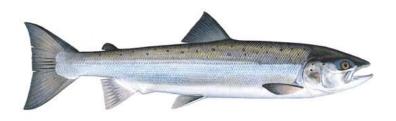


**Hen:** This is a summer fish – 'springers' are often darker by spawning time while late entrants may still be silver flanked. Fully mature hens have soft, swollen bellies and spawning is imminent if they also have protruding vents.



#### 'Unclean' Kelt

Kelts are salmon which have spawned. Usually identified by the thin shape, distended vent and presence of "gill maggots" on the red gill filaments, they are often encountered by anglers in spring when they regain a silvery appearance and can be mistaken for fresh run 'springers'. Kelts must be returned unharmed.



(Illustrations used with permission from the Atlantic Salmon Trust www.atlanticsalmontrust.org)